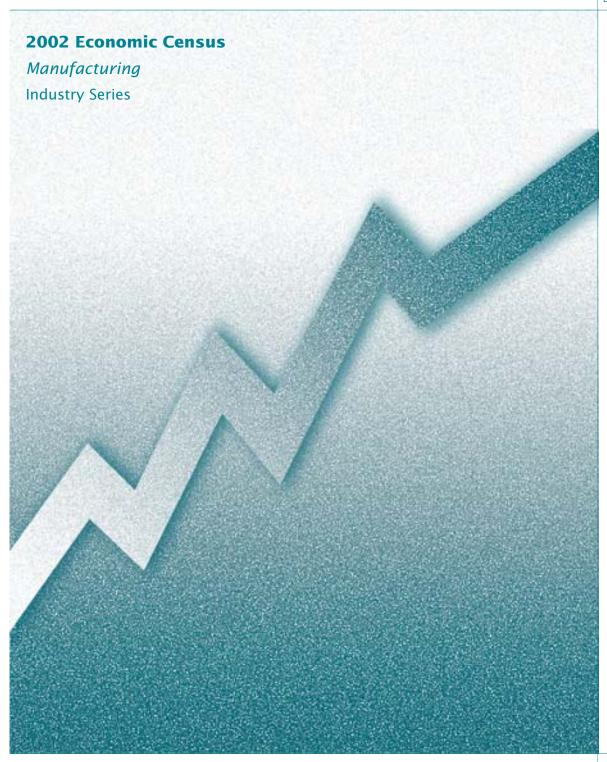
# Nonferrous Forging: 2002

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-- Not applicable for this report.

## Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All	All em	ployees	Pro	duction worl	kers		Total	Total	Total capital
Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>		Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)		expendi- tures (\$1,000)
332112, Nonferrous forging	64 N N N N 75	70 N N N N 83	9 635 11 394 9 942 9 558 9 258 8 991	410 257 455 629 402 535 377 637 353 955 363 301	6 928 8 385 7 573 7 181 7 026 6 850	16 179 17 666 15 430 14 176 14 761 15 270	250 615 300 997 271 629 248 595 242 438 254 379	813 887 1 098 812 1 045 692 1 031 784 999 364 991 288	933 059 1 072 689 997 340 953 516 855 104 856 947	1 792 828 2 143 389 2 032 686 1 987 063 1 845 332 1 838 385	r100 936 111 221 105 565 93 769 51 793 126 239

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

<sup>1</sup>Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

2For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

3Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

4Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

## Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production workers						
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)		Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	materials	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
332112, Nonferrous forging												
United States	1 - 7 1	70 17 8 10	44 15 4 7	9 635 2 505 1 192 667	410 257 116 187 59 053 27 326	6 928 1 761 815 567	16 179 5 072 1 948 1 250	250 615 64 821 31 815 20 904	813 887 203 325 93 031 95 781		1 792 828 530 527 188 287 149 084	r100 936 r15 724 r4 101 r4 013

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

## Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
332112, Nonferrous forging	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number.	64
All establishments <sup>2</sup> . number.  Establishments with 1 to 19 employees number.  Establishments with 20 to 99 employees number.  Establishments with 100 employees or more number.	70 26 21 23
All employees³         number           Total compensation         \$1,000           Annual payroll         \$1,000           Total fringe benefits         \$1,000	9 635 518 895 410 257 108 638
Production workers, average for year	6 928 6 987 6 951 6 867 6 898
Production worker hours	16 179 250 615
Total cost of materials         \$1,000.           Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used         \$1,000.           Resales         \$1,000.           Purchased fuels         \$1,000.           Purchased electricity         \$1,000.           Contract work         \$1,000.	933 059 688 569 3 395 35 798 36 556 168 741
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power     1,000 kWh.       Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power     1,000 kWh.	596 660 —
Total value of shipments         \$1,000           Primary products value of shipments         \$1,000           Secondary products value of shipments         \$1,000           Total miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000           Value of resales         \$1,000	1 792 828 1 623 584 134 832 34 412 D
Contract receipts \$1,000. Other miscellaneous receipts \$1,000.	D 25 155
Primary products specialization ratio percent. Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in other industry \$1,000.	92 1 844 523 1 623 584 220 939
Coverage ratiopercent.	88
Value added\$1,000	813 887
Total inventories, beginning of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000 Work-in-process inventories \$1,000 Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	407 035 107 108 167 518 132 409
Total inventories, end of year         \$1,000           Finished goods inventories         \$1,000           Work-in-process inventories         \$1,000           Materials and supplies inventories         \$1,000	375 956 93 535 135 209 147 212
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year         \$1,000           Total capital expenditures (new and used)         \$1,000           Buildings and other structures (new and used)         \$1,000           Machinery and equipment (new and used)         \$1,000           Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use         \$1,000           Computers and peripheral data processing equipment         \$1,000           All other expenditures for machinery and equipment         \$1,000           Total retirements         \$1,000           Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year         \$1,000	'1 079 004 '100 936 '15 306 '85 630 '1 901 '6 193 '77 536 '39 786 '1 140 154
Depreciation charges during year	71 510
Total rental payments \$1,000. Buildings and other structures \$1,000. Machinery and equipment \$1,000.	24 388 9 901 14 487
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> percent.  Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Communications services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Legal services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.  All other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000.	133 489 66 25 374 2 642 2 145 2 328 1 224 1 279 2 238 3 884 5 767 86 667

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

## Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	oloyees	Pr	oduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total capital
		All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
332112, Nonferrous forging											
All establishments	1	70	9 635	410 257	6 928	16 179	250 615	813 887	933 059	1 792 828	r100 936
1 to 4 employees	9	10	19	803	15	29	533	1 845	2 266	4 111	<sup>1</sup> 74
5 to 9 employees	8	8	47 109	2 129 4 541	36 91	69 198	1 373 3 437	4 373 10 659	4 843 8 929	9 225 20 127	r141 r631
10 to 19 employees	9		266	12 884	186	399	7 355	24 249	26 812	51 294	r778
50 to 99 employees	-	13	f	12 007 D	l Ö	D	, 000 D	2 7 2 10 D	D	D D	l "Ď
100 to 249 employees	-	14	2 321	100 163	1 666	4 088	55 714	216 888	289 160	540 388	r17 453
250 to 499 employees	2	4	1 396	61 568	1 072	2 593	38 784	149 072	129 221	275 678	10 215
500 to 999 employees	2	4	2 712	112 013	2 151	5 159	74 998	129 190	153 062	289 538	r21 87 <u>5</u>
1,000 to 2,499 employees	-	1	g	ט	l D	ט	ן ט	l D	ט	ט	D
2,500 employees or more	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Administrative records <sup>4</sup>	9	20	105	4 520	84	164	3 076	10 390	12 752	23 142	<sup>r</sup> 791

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

## Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or	Industry or primary product class	All	All em	ployees	Pr	oduction work	ers		Total	Total	Total
product class code		estab- lish- ments <sup>1</sup>	Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
332112	Nonferrous forging	70	9 635	410 257	6 928	16 179	250 615	813 887	933 059	1 792 828	r100 936
3321121 3321122	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forgings Other nonferrous forgings	44 7	6 885 2 651	282 198 123 965	4 981 1 866	11 714 4 309	178 901 68 811	606 727 198 395	667 871 255 321	1 292 840 481 351	'71 457 28 785

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of companies with		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
332112	Nonferrous forging	N N	X	X	1 844 523 2 083 289	
3321121	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forgings	N.	X	X	1 388 887	
33211211	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset aluminum and aluminum alloy forgings	N N	X X	X X	1 528 804 703 242	
3321121101	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset aluminum and aluminum alloy forgings	N 36	X	X s	903 881 703 242	
33211212	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset titanium and	35	Х	73.5	903 881	
3321121206	titanium alloy forgings	N N	X	X	342 957 324 580	
	titanium alloy forgings	22 25	X X	S 16.8	342 957 324 580	
33211213	Other hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous	N N	X X	X X	342 688 285 501	
3321121311	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset copper and copper-base alloy forgings	13 10	X	S 7.9	105 405 39 413	
3321121316	Other hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forgings	17	X	S	237 283	
3321121Y	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forgings, nsk	20 N	Х	<sup>q</sup> 16.6 X	246 088 N	
3321121YWV	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forqings, nsk	N N	X X	X X	14 842 N	
0004400	1997	N	Х	Х	14 842	
3321122 33211221	Other nonferrous forgings         2002.           Other nonferrous forgings         1997.           Other nonferrous forgings         2002.	N N N	X X X	X X X	436 467 518 512 436 076	
3321122101	Cold impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forgings	N 5	X X	X S	514 045 118 058	
3321122106	1997 Seamless rolled ring nonferrous forgings	8 5 6		S D S	D 225 245	
3321122111	1997 Open die or smith nonferrous forgings, hammer or press1,000 s tons2002 1997	4 9	X X X	5.0 S D	68 689 92 773 D	
3321122Y 3321122YWV	Other nonferrous forgings, nsk         2002.           Other nonferrous forgings, nsk         1997.           Other nonferrous forgings, nsk         2002.	N N N	× × × × × ×	S D X X X	391 4 467 391	
	1997	N	X	Х	4 467	
332112W 332112WY	Nonferrous forging, nsk, total	N N N	X X X	X X X	19 169 35 973 19 169	
332112WYWW	Nonferrous forging, nsk, for nonadministrative-record	N	Х	Х	35 973	
332112WYWY	establishments	N N	X	X	3 856 6 936	
	establishments	N N	X	X	15 313 29 037	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

## Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

NAICS product class code	Product class and geographic area	Value of product shipments (\$1,000)
3321121	Hot impression die impact, press, and upset nonferrous forgings	
	United States. 2002.	1 388 887 1 528 804
	1997 California	276 390
	1997 Michigan	334 305 157 923
	1997	89 678
3321122	Other nonferrous forgings	
	United States	436 467 518 512
	California	213 498 154 550

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

## Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
332112	Nonferrous forging		
00900001	Total materials		688 569
33200057	Fabricated metal products (excluding forgings) 1997.	. X	617 659 D N
33210001	Forgings	S	89 334 73 941
33120005	Steel ingot and semifinished shapes (blooms, billets, and slabs) (excluding castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products)		70 194 D
33120065	Steel bars, bar shapes, and other shapes and forms (excluding castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products) 1,000 s tons. 2002. 1997.		26 991 D
33149101	Titanium and titanium-base alloy shapes and forms (excluding castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products)	S 138.8	90 915 67 498
33100074	All other nonferrous shapes and forms (excluding castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products)		D D
33100039	Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy shapes and forms (excluding castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products) 1,000 s tons. 2002. 1997.		173 271 200 790
33149103	Nickel and nickel-base alloy, including nickel-copper alloys (excluding castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products)	P4.1	39 086 3 464
33351400	Forging dies		34 114
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	. X	8 223 87 133 92 292
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	. X	92 292 30 330 9 673

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.